

Order execution policy

This document sets out the order execution policy and approach to providing best execution, as required by the Investment Services and Activities and Regulated Markets Law of 2017 (the Law) of Freedom Finance Europe Ltd (we, us or our).

The Law requires that we take all sufficient steps to obtain the best possible result for our clients (client or you), taking into account price, costs, speed, likelihood of execution and settlement, size, nature and/or any other relevant order execution consideration, whether we are executing orders on behalf of clients or placing orders with, or passing orders to others for execution. This overarching obligation to obtain the best possible result for clients is referred to, in this document, as our obligation of best execution.

1. Scope and application

1.1. This document applies to dealings in financial instruments for both professional and retail clients (each as defined in the Law). Best execution is owed when we accept an order to execute a transaction on your behalf, or transmit your order to other entities for execution.

No best execution will be owed and this document will not apply to you where you have been categorised by us as eligible counterparty.

1.2. When we provide quotes or negotiate a price with you, on request (i.e. dealing on a request for quote basis) we will consider the nature of the instruction with respect to the four-fold cumulative test published by the European Commission.

The distinction between a request for quote and your reliance on us to achieve best execution will be drawn based on whether you are legitimately relying on us to achieve the execution outcome i.e. for us to act on your behalf in protecting your interests in line with contractual or agency obligations or whether you merely request or take a price. In determining this, we will consider:

- which party initiates the transaction.
If you approach us and suggest entering into a specific transaction, it will be less probable that we will owe you best execution.
- questions of market practice and the existence of a convention to “shop around”.
For example, in the wholesale OTC derivatives and bond markets, buyers conventionally “shop around” by approaching several dealers for a quote and in these circumstances there will be presumed no expectation on your side that we will owe you best execution.
- the relative levels of price transparency within a market.
This will be relevant for markets where you do not have ready access to prices while we do. When price transparency is poor, we may be using, where relevant, public reference prices and will disclose the same to you and advise on the methodology for calculating fees and charges.
- the information provided by us and any agreement reached.

According to our standard arrangements, we may agree to provide or make available to you indicative quotations not constituting, however, an offer to enter into a particular transaction. Once you are interested in a transaction based on a relevant quotation, you will submit to us a corresponding offer, which however we will not be obliged to accept. We will execute any quote provided that the quote is not manifestly out of date, taking into account the changing market conditions and the time elapsed between the offer and acceptance of the quote.

We will not generally be presumed to be receiving an instruction as part of a service where best execution will apply. Where the consideration of the above factors concludes that you are not legitimately relying on us, then best execution will not apply. For example, no best execution obligations will apply in a scenario where we provide you quotes with no obligation to execute a transaction until the agreement has been reached and you have the flexibility to seek other quotes (as above).

2. Execution factors

- 2.1. When executing orders on your behalf in relation to financial instruments, we will take all sufficient steps to achieve best execution. We have in place a document and processes which are designed to obtain the best possible execution result on a consistent basis, subject to and taking into account the financial instrument, the nature of your orders, the execution venues available (on reasonable commercial terms) for such financial instruments and the priorities you place upon us executing those orders.
- 2.2. We will take into consideration a range of different factors when determining how to obtain the best possible result for orders executed on your behalf, including price, the need for timely execution, availability of price improvement, the liquidity of the market (which may make it difficult to execute an order), potential price impact, the size of the order, the nature of the financial transaction (including whether or not such transactions are executable on a trading venue, over-the-counter, or via either route) and the quality and cost effectiveness of any related clearing and settlement facilities.
- 2.3. Depending on the circumstances, some of the above factors can be more important than others. When executing your orders, we will take into account the following criteria for determining the relative importance of the execution factors:
 - the characteristics of you as our client, including your categorisation as a retail client or a professional client,
 - the characteristics of your order,
 - the characteristics of financial instruments that are the subject of your order,
 - the characteristics of the execution venues to which your order can be directed.
- 2.4. When we execute an order for you, by default, we will consider the factors listed below to be the most important. Notwithstanding this, there are certain situations in which the relative importance of these factors will change in response to the instructions that you provide. The key factors include:
 - Price.
Price refers to the resulting price of the transaction excluding our own execution charges. It will usually be our most important consideration. After price, speed and likelihood of execution are usually our most important considerations. If you are a retail client, we will usually determine best execution in executing your order in terms of both price and costs (see below).



- **Market impact.**
Market impact entails detecting threats to the orderly operation of financial markets, including to reliability and transparency of their price formation process and tackling any behavior that may conclusively result in cascading market impact or large market impact in general. In forming execution strategy, we will always observe the standard of behavior normally expected in the market to which you direct your order. In no case, we will take action, which may result in market distortion or give a misleading impression of trade volumes or value of any financial instrument.
- **Speed.**
We interpret speed as the rate at which we are able to progress your order. Where your instructions dictate or imply a rate at which we should progress your order, we will follow your instructions unless we see an immediate and substantial conflict with the price. Where your instructions do not refer to speed, we will progress your order at a rate, which we believe, represents a balance between creating market impact and executing your order in a timely fashion so as to reduce execution risk.
- **Likelihood of execution/size.**
We interpret this as the likelihood that we are able to fill your order, or at least a substantial part of it, in its entirety. This factor increases in importance in situations where access to liquidity in the relevant instrument is constrained in some way. For example, if the security itself is illiquid or if you provide a limit price which is not marketable.
- **Likelihood of settlement.**
We expect transactions that we execute for you to settle in a timely fashion. If we become aware that a particular execution strategy may compromise the likelihood of settlement, we may not pursue that strategy even if it would result in a better price.
- **Costs.**
Costs relate to commissions, costs and the fees that are charged for executing your order, including execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties, such as financial intermediaries or market infrastructure entities. If you deal with us on a fixed commission basis, these costs will have only a minor influence in the way that we execute your order. If you have a commercial arrangement with us in which those costs influence our own charges to you, then costs will include the costs for executing your order on each of the eligible venues. Where there is more than one competing venue to execute your order, costs will also include our own commissions and service fees.

2.5. Once we have accepted your order we will consider the execution factors in the context of the instructions that you have provided to form a suitable execution strategy. Under this execution strategy, we will take sufficient steps to obtain the best possible result for you by employing appropriate aspects of our execution arrangements.

Our execution strategy may result in us routing your order to one or more execution venues immediately or rather, releasing parts of your order gradually over an appropriate period of time. An example of the latter instance could be a large order in size and/or an illiquid contract, in which case speed would be deprioritised in order to be more passive within the market and to ensure there is not an unacceptable cost or price impact to you as the client.

The execution strategy employed will take into account any information that you provide us with, together with our knowledge of the relevant instrument and the market in which you are seeking to execute.

Where you use our electronic trading service, the execution strategy will usually be formed automatically unless the circumstances of your order or the relevant instrument are unusual in some way. Where you are not using our electronic trading service, the execution strategy employed will be formed by the judgement of the individual(s) assigned to handle your order, together with the automatic processes available to them.

3. Execution venues

- 3.1. This document includes, for each class of financial instrument in which we execute orders on your behalf, those entities that we consider enable us to obtain best execution on a consistent basis. These venues include, as appropriate for each product: regulated markets, multilateral trading facilities, organized trading facilities, systematic internalisers, market makers and other liquidity providers (including ourselves and our affiliates acting as principal) or entities that perform a similar function to those performed by any of the foregoing in a third country. Selection of execution entities includes consideration of factors such as liquidity and price offered, credit and settlement risk, realized performance (latency, liquidity, price improvement, fill rates, pricing analysis), commercial positioning, market mechanism, resilience and reliability.
- 3.2. A list of entities venues on which we place significant reliance in meeting our obligation to take all reasonable steps to obtain on a consistent basis the best possible result for the execution of client orders, for retail client orders, professional client orders and securities financing transactions is set out in Exhibit 1. Within the same exhibit, a list of the entities with which the orders are placed or to which we transmit orders for execution is presented, per class of financial instrument and, if and where applicable, per type of client (retail/professional).
- 3.3. Subject to the requirements of the Law, we will publish on our website by the end of April each year the top five execution venues in terms of trading volumes for all client orders executed by us during the preceding year per class of financial instruments together with information on the quality of execution obtained on such execution venues. We will also publish, in a separate report, the top five execution venues in terms of trading volumes where we executed securities financing transactions the preceding calendar year. Additionally, subject to the requirements of Regulation (EU) 217/576¹, we will publish on our website by the end of April each year the top five entities in terms of trading volumes where we transmitted or placed client orders for execution in the preceding year per class of financial instruments and information on the quality of execution obtained. We will also publish, in a separate report, the top five entities in terms of trading volumes where we executed securities financing transactions the preceding calendar year.
- 3.4. Subject to the requirements of the Law, we may execute all or part of your order outside of a trading venue. In particular, we may form prices and execute internal transactions by filling all or part of your order against:
 - another client's trading interest;
 - our own inventory or at our risk; and/or
 - a trading interest that we have acquired by facilitating another client's trade.
- 3.5. In certain situations, some regulated markets permit the execution of an order outside the central order book based on market specific parameters such as minimum block thresholds

¹ Commission delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/576 of 8 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for the annual publication by investment firms of information on the identity of execution venues and on the quality of execution

and timings of submission. Where we negotiate transactions on your behalf and do not obtain your agreement to the terms of those transactions in advance we continue to owe you best execution. Any such transactions will be created manually, at the discretion of an individual responsible for execution of your order.

- 3.6. We may choose to transmit your order for execution to another broker or dealer (which may be located outside of the European Economic Area (“EEA”) and could include both affiliate entities and/or third party brokers), in which case we will either determine the ultimate execution venue ourselves on the basis described above, and instruct the other broker or dealer accordingly, or we will satisfy ourselves that the other broker or dealer has arrangements in place to enable us to comply with our best execution obligations to you.
- 3.7. We will take steps to not structure or charge our commissions in such a way as to discriminate unfairly between execution venues. When we select venues we will do so either on a long-term basis, by choosing the venues to which we will maintain access or on a short-term basis, by choosing the venue or venues, to which we have access and which are the most appropriate to execute individual orders or any part of them.
- 3.8. As a general principle, for the financial instruments in which we execute or transmit for execution and determine the ultimate execution venue, we look to maintain access (whether direct or supplied by a third party broker) to the market on which the relevant financial instruments are originally listed and/or predominantly traded.

In selecting venues in the relevant jurisdiction, our approach is governed by the following factors:

- Price, cost and liquidity (importance: high)
This considers whether a venue provides, or is likely to provide, material opportunities to trade that may not exist within our existing portfolio of venues. Those opportunities may take the form of prices, which improve on those offered by our existing venues or the ability to trade significant additional size at similar prices to those offered on existing venues. We expect liquidity and price to be closely (but not exclusively) associated with the market share the venue commands.
The fees that are charged to us by an execution venue (or that arise from clearing and settling the trades executed on that venue) influence the costs incurred by our clients. We may charge commission rates for execution that reflect both the cost of providing our own services and the costs that we incur or expect to incur when we use external execution venues. In this case, the cost of execution associated with a particular execution venue will only be factor if we believe it will not be economically viable in the context of the commission rates that we believe our clients are willing to pay. Where the cost of execution is separately compensated for, such costs will be factor considered together with our own commissions and the execution price.
- Credit and settlement risk (importance: high)
We will not generally use a venue if we are not able to determine the obligations (both on us and our trade counterparty) either to settle a transaction or to resolve failed settlements.
- Realised performance (importance: high)
The metrics gathered once we utilise a venue are subject to frequent review and, taken together, may influence the decision to retain or disqualify a venue from on-going use. Metrics considered include but are not limited to: latency, liquidity, price improvement, the average ratio of the volume executed on our orders over the liquidity available at the time of sending the order according to the prevailing market data and pricing

analysis. The metrics applied will depend on whether the venue operates by matching incoming orders with other orders and publishes pre-trade market data to the market that shows the prices of the orders resting on its order book.

- Market microstructure/operating model (importance: medium)
We will usually assess venues according to the following themes:
 - ✓ whether the venue functions in a way that might benefit or hinder our ability to achieve best execution;
 - ✓ whether the rules of the venue and its fee structures encourage or discourage participants and trading behaviours that are compatible with the aims of achieving best execution;
 - ✓ whether we have confidence that the venue is reliable across a range of market conditions.
- Speed of access, immediacy and likelihood of execution (importance: medium)
In general, the majority of European or US markets operate at comparable speeds and this factor is therefore not usually an important differentiator for those venues selection. The importance that we attach to speed varies with the market model, i.e. whether or not it provides any pre-trade market data.

3.9. When we accept an order from you and immediately send that order directly to one or more execution venues we are choosing between multiple execution venues giving due regard to the following principles according to the type of order that we are trying to execute:

- Where an order has no limit price or is an order to buy in which the limit price is greater than or equal to the best offer price or an order to sell in which the limit price is less than or equal to the best bid price our primary goal will be to achieve the best price/total consideration, followed by maximising the speed and likelihood of execution.
- Where an order has a limit price, which does not meet the above criteria we consider that the price of the execution is set and our choice of venue will be determined by associated costs and maximizing both the speed and likelihood of execution.
- When choosing across a range of venues, which do not provide any pre-trade market data and execution prices of which are derived from the bids / offers published by execution venues providing such data our priority will be to maximize the speed and likelihood of execution whilst also minimizing the chance that there are adverse price movements around the time of execution and execution costs.

3.10. Although we are committed to execute your orders in a way we consider the most suitable, when markets become excessively volatile, for example, at the open or close of the standard trading session, the execution of your orders may still be impaired by:

- Substantial difference between the bid or offer price or the last reported sale price quoted at the time of order entry and actual execution price.
- Partial executions or execution of large orders in several transactions at different prices.
- Delays in executing orders through external market makers due to manual routing or execution.
- Substantial deviation of opening prices from the previous day's close prices.
- Locked (the bid equals the offer) or crossed (the bid is higher than the offer) market conditions.
- Order imbalances and back logs due to investors placing high volume of orders.

- Pre-trade filters whether execution venues' or ours, result in orders with a large expected market impact are paused or traded using an algorithm potentially causing slippage from the expected arrival price.

4. **Types of trading orders**

Given the risks that arise when trading in financial markets, you may wish to consider using different types of trading orders to limit such risk. Please, note that the descriptions below may apply to some and not all types of financial instruments.

- **Market order.**

With a market order, you may instruct to execute a trade of a certain size as promptly as possible at the prevailing market price. Market orders are executed without regard to price changes. Therefore, if the market price moves significantly during the time it takes to fill your order, the order will most likely be executed at a price substantially different from the price when the order was entered. Certain exchanges do not support market orders. If you place a market order in these markets, we will automatically translate the order to an aggressive limit order within a certain percentage limit "in the money". You have responsibility to check if the order is traded in the market after order entry. If you experience or suspect any errors with the order contact us immediately.

- **Limit order.**

With a limit order, you set the maximum purchase price, or minimum sale price, at which the trade is to be executed. As a limit order may be entered away from the current market price, it may not be executed immediately. By placing a limit order you give up the certainty of immediate execution in exchange for the expectation of getting an improved price in the future. Limit orders may be routed to an exchange automatically. Where a limit order is placed in a share admitted to trading on a regulated market or traded on a trading venue, we shall not be obliged to publish that limit order if it cannot be immediately executed under prevailing market conditions.

- **Stop order.**

A stop order is an order to buy or sell a financial instrument once the price of the instrument reaches a specified price, known as the stop price. When the stop price is reached, a stop order becomes a market order. A buy stop order is entered at a stop price above the current market price. A sell stop order is entered at a stop price below the current market price. A stop order is therefore a "sleeping" order until the stop price is reached or breached. Sell stop orders are generally used to limit a loss or to protect a profit on a financial instrument. In order to ensure stop orders are not filled at unreliable prices during short periods with abnormally wide bid/ask spreads caused by, for instance, release of key economic figures we implement spread filters preventing order execution when spreads exceeds certain levels.

- **Trailing stop order.**

The trailing stop order is a stop order as described above but the trailing stop price moves according to parameters you set in the order. This way the trailing stop can be used to sell if the price drops more than a specified distance from the highest price traded or to buy if the price trades above a set level from the lowest traded price. We may allow you to further customise the manner in which your stop (or stop-limit orders) are triggered. You may change the trigger method to include or exclude certain trigger criteria based on your specific trading objectives.

- **Stop-limit order.**

A stop limit order is a variation of a stop order with a lower (higher) limit price to suspend trading if the price falls (rises) too far before the order is filled restricting trading to a predefined price range. Once the stop price is reached a stop-limit order becomes a limit order that will be executed at a specified price (or better).

We may offer you several ways to submit stop and stop-limit orders. On most venues, we implement and manage stop (or stop-limit) orders in our systems, submitting market (or limit) orders to the venue when the trigger price specified by you has been reached and passed. On some venues, we may submit stop and/or stop-limit orders using the venue's native order type. For each venue on which you may trade we will specify to you whether stop and/or stop-limit orders are managed by us or submitted using the venue's native order type. For stop and stop-limit orders that we manage, unless you specify otherwise when submitting the order, the order will be triggered and a market (or limit) order will be submitted for execution when the venue on which the financial instrument is traded is open and has a valid bid/ask quote for the instrument and the last sale price for the instrument is at or above (for buy stop orders) or at or below (for sell stop orders) the trigger price specified by you.

- Algorithmic order.

An algorithmic order is an order executed by an automated strategy according to specific parameters or conditions. Algorithmic orders are intended to minimize the market impact created from placing larger orders or achieving a recognized trading benchmark. The orders can also be used to follow a volume participation or in general to achieve a better overall execution.

5. **Specific instruction**

- 5.1. Where you give us specific instructions, including specifying the characteristics of a bespoke product, either relating to an order or a particular aspect of an order, we will execute so far as is reasonably possible in accordance with those instructions. You should be aware, however, that specifics of the instruction may prevent us from taking the steps that we have put in place to obtain the best possible result for the execution of your orders with respect to the elements impacted by such specific instructions. Notwithstanding this, where you give us a specific instruction, which covers one part or aspect of the order, this will not release us from our best execution obligations in respect of any other part or aspect of your order that is not covered by such instructions.
- 5.2. We may not expressly indicate or implicitly suggest to you the content of the instruction, if we believe that an instruction to that effect is likely to prevent us from achieving best execution. This will not prevent us inviting you to choose between two or more specified trading venues, consistent with this document.
- 5.3. We may use systems that record your venue preferences for all your orders or other processes that leave a clear audit trail of your wishes.
- 5.4. Where you give us specific instructions to execute a fixed-price transaction, we may execute outside of a trading venue, including trade against ourselves or one of our affiliates unless you expressly instruct us otherwise. In that case any "mark-up" or "mark-down" to prevailing market prices will be retained by that affiliate or us.

6. **Affiliates and third parties**

- 6.1. The arrangements described in this document apply when one of the entities of our group handles the execution of your order itself.

- 6.2. Using affiliated entities and third party brokers allows us to provide access to markets where it otherwise may not be able to execute or, where we believe it to be in your best interests, to address certain characteristics of your order. However, you should be aware of the potential difference in approach to execution standards where this is the case; whilst we retain our obligations regarding best execution, the execution of the transaction may be carried out by an entity, which is not subject to MiFID II.
- 6.3. Where we engage either an affiliate or a third party broker for order execution, we will:
- carry out due diligence on that entity and will take steps to ensure that the entity is able to provide an appropriate standard of execution in the relevant market; and
 - monitor our executions with the broker to satisfy ourselves that they are providing appropriate standards of execution.
- 6.4. In relation to affiliates specifically, whilst we believe that using affiliates provides benefits to clients (including consistency of order handling; governance and oversight processes and the transparency thereof; certainty of market access; and integrated technology, allowing more efficient communication and front to back trade processing), we acknowledge that the opportunity for potential conflicts of interest exists. We are committed to mitigating these to the extent possible and perform due diligence on our affiliates to at least the same standard as for a third party broker; we also commit to monitor our executions with affiliate entities to satisfy ourselves that they are providing appropriate standards of execution.
- 7. Specific application by product**
- 7.1. This document applies to dealings in financial instruments as defined in the Law. Some products or services described in this document may nonetheless be inappropriate or unsuitable for you and we will provide you a clear and prominent warning whenever this will be the case.
- 7.2. The elements of the best execution obligation that may apply in certain circumstances are set out below and are, together with the more general obligations contained in this document, applicable to each of the product and service described below to the extent explicitly stated in the relevant sections.

Area where an in scope execution may arise	Application of best execution
We subscribe for, or redeem, units in certain funds on your behalf.	<p><i>Price:</i> due to the nature of the instruments (e.g. units in a fund) there is only one price per subscription or redemption period, as applicable. This means that price is not a relevant factor for these transactions.</p> <p><i>Speed&costs:</i> these are the only factors that will apply. We will always try to execute in a timely fashion. We will endeavor to process any orders received before any relevant cut-off time in accordance with any agreed documentation in place with you and the terms applicable to subscriptions or (as the case may be) redemptions for the relevant fund.</p> <p><i>Other factors:</i> there will commonly be only one method of purchasing or redeeming units, for example via the manager, administrator, transfer agent or general partner of the fund, and this limits the applicability of the other factors. For</p>

	<p>example, venue selection is not relevant where there is no choice of venue.</p>
<p>You obtain tradable rights in relation to shares held by you in custody with us and we sell these for you in the secondary market.</p>	<p>Where we receive an instruction from you in relation to the sale of tradable rights in certain markets, e.g. the Russian, Ukrainian or Kazakh market, we currently engage the services of our affiliate broker for execution.</p> <p>Further information on how we make use of affiliated entities, to satisfy ourselves that we are obtaining the best possible result for you is set out in the relevant section of this document.</p>
<p>We lend your securities and invest cash collateral.</p>	<p>Where you instruct us to lend your securities to borrowers in exchange for appropriate collateral and to invest any received cash collateral in accordance with any agreed documentation in place with you, the following execution factors are relevant:</p> <p>Price: we will endeavour to generate a competitive return assessed across a portfolio of lendable assets (rather than on an individual transaction basis).</p> <p>Costs: we will take into account costs associated with execution (including costs to us). These could include but are not limited to transaction costs and our capital costs.</p> <p>Likelihood of execution: counterparties may be looking for certain trade attributes which can impact their ability to trade or impact trade pricing. These may include but are not limited to netting options, collateral and your dividend status.</p> <p>Likelihood of settlement: if we become aware that a particular execution strategy may compromise likelihood of settlement, we may not pursue that strategy. This covers both settlement of the underlying loan/cash investment and the ability to settle client transactions e.g. sale of loaned securities.</p> <p>Size: large transactions will be filled by clients that have the required number of securities/amount of cash or who are part of a pool of securities/cash that can facilitate that trade.</p> <p>Other factors: any other relevant considerations including duration of loans or lending/collateral parameters and/or counterparty restrictions imposed by you.</p> <p>Subject to specific instructions, price and costs (including costs to us) are likely to be the most important factors.</p> <p>Subject to any applicable restrictions imposed by you, we will enter into securities loans and/or investments on your behalf by dealing with the borrowers/ counterparties directly or through a trading platform.</p> <p>We will endeavour to ensure a fair allocation of loans and investments between you and other clients, taking into account your specific instructions.</p>

<p>We execute exchange-traded derivative (“ETD”) transactions on your behalf.</p>	<p>We will always execute your order on the central order book of the regulated market that you state your order should be placed on. With regards to best execution obligation, we deem to have satisfied these requirements, provided we have correctly placed the order on the market that you as the client specify. Where a regulated market permits the execution of an order outside the central order book based on market specific parameters such as block trades or cross trades we will look to secure the best possible result for you leveraging existing relationships with liquidity providers/market makers.</p> <p><i>Price:</i> this refers to the resulting price of the transaction excluding our execution charges. Generally this and costs (see below) are deemed as the most important considerations.</p> <p><i>Costs:</i> these relate to commissions and standardised clearing and market fees (charged by the relevant exchange/market/clearer). You are charged according to the rates as specified and billing information can be provided by your relationship manager.</p> <p><i>Market impact:</i> this entails the possibility of the market moving against you or creating a misleading impression in the market about the supply, demand or value of any ETD or underlying. This may be specifically relevant when the size of your order is much above average or you place high volume of orders in a single underlying instrument.</p> <p><i>Speed:</i> we define speed as the rate at which your order is progressed. Where you as the client express instructions to use a defined rate, we will follow your instruction. Where your instructions do not specify speed, we will progress your order at a rate which we believe represents a balance between impacting the market and executing your order in a timely fashion so as to reduce execution risk.</p> <p><i>Likelihood of execution and size:</i> we interpret this as the likelihood that we are able to entirely fill your order, or at least a substantial part of it. These factors are most relevant when access to liquidity in relevant instruments is constrained in some way.</p>
<p>We execute orders or take decisions to deal in OTC products including bespoke products.</p>	<p><i>Price&costs:</i> we will gather market data used in the estimation of the price of such product and, where possible, by comparing with similar or comparable products, and calculate total consideration including any standardised fees and product specific costs. Thereafter, we will refer to the most appropriate venue or counterparty to find the best price proposed to you.</p>

	<i>Likelihood of execution and size:</i> we interpret this as the likelihood that we are able to entirely fill your order, or at least a substantial part of it. These factors are most relevant when access to liquidity in relevant instruments is constrained in some way.
Execute contracts for differences (“CFD”) on your behalf and act as the counterparty (i.e. are on the other side of the trade).	<i>Price&costs:</i> contracts relating to instruments admitted to trading on a regulated market will be priced on the basis of external benchmarks, using data received from independent market data providers or publicly available sources and a pre-agreed maximum mark-up. Where such data is temporarily not available, e.g. where prices on the underlying assets are not available or orders are placed outside of normal trading hours, we will set the price at our discretion either by using last available price or by comparing with similar or comparable underlying with currently available prices, and including any standardised fees and specific costs. We may partially hedge your orders with an affiliated entity.
We execute orders to participate in Initial Public Offering (IPO)	<i>Price:</i> due to the nature of the subscription there is only one price which is used for subscription. This means that price is not a relevant factor for these transactions. <i>Speed&likelihood of execution:</i> due to the nature of subscription, there is only one day on which new securities are issued to new owners. This means that speed&likelihood of execution are not a relevant factor for these transactions.

8. Monitoring and review

- 8.1. We will monitor the quality and appropriateness of our execution arrangements on an ex-ante and ex-post basis and assess whether the execution arrangements we have pursued provide for the best possible result for orders we execute on your behalf and decisions to deal on an ongoing basis.
- 8.2. We will, at your request, provide you with the market data, which served as a basis for the execution. In those cases where prices have been set at our discretion, we will provide you with all evidence needed to verify our compliance with this document.
- 8.3. We will review our execution arrangements and this document on a regular basis, and at least once annually, to identify changes, which may be appropriate, taking account of, inter alia publicly available information relating to the quality of execution disclosed by relevant trading venues and our own data. Such a review will also be carried out whenever a material change occurs that affects our ability to continue to obtain the best possible result for the execution of client orders on a consistent basis using the venues included in this document. We will also notify you of any material changes to our order execution arrangements or this document via e-mail and our website at <https://freedomfinance.eu/>.

9. Revising of Order Execution Policy

- 9.1. The Policy will be revised Annually
- 9.2. The Policy be revised in case of material change in the Company. List of Material Changes is represented in Exhibit 2

Exhibit 1

Financial Instrument	List of entities with which the orders are executed or placed for execution or to which we transmit orders for execution
Equities (Shares and Depositary Receipts)	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited
Debt Instruments	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited
Interest Rates Derivatives	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
Currency Derivatives	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
Structured Finance Instruments	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc.

	Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited
Equity Derivatives	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
Securitized Derivatives	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
Warrants and Certificate Derivatives	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
Contracts for Difference	N/A
Exchange Traded Products	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited
Emission Allowances	R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC
IPO	FFIN Brokerage Services Inc.

REPO	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited
Other Instruments	LEK Securities (UK) Limited Freedom Finance JSC IC Freedom Finance LLC Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC XNT Ltd FFIN Brokerage Services Inc. Freedom Finance Europe Ltd Alfa Capital Holdings (Cyprus) Limited R.J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC

Exhibit 2

No	Type of change	yes	no
1	Material Change in Ownership: if the owners of 5% or more of the outstanding Common Stock were changed, or changes in the ultimate beneficial owners of the company occurred (if different from shareholders)		
2	Material Change of Representative Office: changes in the registered office of the company or contact details		
3	Material Change in Executive branch: means that Company's Directors, Board of Directors members or persons effectively direct the business of Company were changed.		
4	Material Change to Business: any change in overall business operations of the Company (i.e., new Licence obtained, jurisdiction of operations changed, new type of regulated activity provided, major branch established).		
5	Material Change to Framework: any change in internal operational framework of the Company (i.e., policy, process, protocol such as prior authorization or retrospective review) which affects, or can reasonably be foreseen to affect, the ability to duly execute statures of the General Terms of Business contract with Freedom Finance Europe Limited.		
6	Material change in Tax Jurisdiction		
7	Material change not mentioned above: any other changes deemed relevant to Policy eg: Company name, attorneys, representatives, applicable Law etc		